
2022 - 2023 Hesi Pediatric (PEDS) Exit
Actual Exam Version 1 and 2 (V1 & V2)
- All Q&As (Brand New) A+Screenshots
guaranteed pass

1 of 55

The nurse is assessing a 9-year-old boy who has been admitted to the hospital with possible acute poststreptococcal glomerulonephritis (APSGN). In obtaining his history, what information is **most** significant?

- ☐ A A sore throat last week.
- ☐ B A history of hypertension.
- ☐ C Diuresis during the night.
- ☐ D Back pain for a few days.

1 = A

2 of 55

The nurse is measuring the frontal occipital circumference (FOC) of a 3-month-old infant, and notes that the FOC has increased 5 inches (12.7cm) since birth and the child's head appears large in relation to body size. Which action is **most** important for the nurse to take next?

- ☐ A Plot the measurement on the infant's growth chart.
- ☐ B Observe the infant for sunset eyes.
- ☐ C Measure the infant's head-to-heel length.
- ☐ D Palpate the anterior fontanel for tension and bulging.

2 = D

3 of 55

A female infant recently admitted with vomiting and diarrhea now weighs 10 kg. Her weight at a previous well-baby visit was 11 kg. What is the percentage of body weight loss for this infant?

- ☐ A 4%
- ☐ B 9%
- ☐ C 10%
- ☐ D 5%

4

3 = B

4 of 55

A male high school student with Type 1 diabetes tests his blood glucose level before playing a game of soccer, and he obtains a reading of 180 mg/dL (10 mmol/L). Based on this reading, which action should the nurse take?

- ☐ A Tell him to eat a sandwich and fruit before beginning the game.
- ☐ B Check his urine for ketones.
- ☐ C Give him permission to go ahead and play soccer.
- ☐ D Call the healthcare provider.

4 = A

5 of 55

A 7-year-old child is admitted to the hospital with a diagnosis of acute rheumatic fever. In obtaining a health history from the child's mother, the recent occurrence of which illness is **most** significant?

- ☒ A Sore throat.
- ☐ B Chickenpox.
- ☐ C Mumps.
- ☐ D Influenza.

5 = A

6 of 55

A mother brings her 2-month-old son to the clinic for a well-baby exam. During the assessment the nurse finds that the right testicle is not descended into the scrotum but the left is palpable. Which action should the nurse take?

- ☐ A Prepare to obtain a catheterized urine specimen for culture.
- ☐ B Address possible concerns about the child's future fertility.
- ☐ C Ask if the right testis has been seen in the scrotum before.
- ☐ D Schedule an IV pyelogram to validate presence of testicle.

6 = C