
2022 RN HESI EXIT EXAM

**Version 1 (V1) – All 160
Questions & Answers!!**

**(Actual Screenshots from exam
taken in April 2022 A+)**

(All Included!!)

(I received 1178 score)

1 of 160

The nurse is completing the admission assessment of a 3-year-old who is admitted with bacterial meningitis and hydrocephalus. Which assessment finding is evidence that the child is experiencing increased intracranial pressure (ICP)?

- ☐ A Tachycardia and tachypnea.
- ☒ B Sluggish and unequal pupillary responses.
- ☐ C Increased head circumference and bulging fontanel.
- ☐ D Blood pressure fluctuations and syncope.

2 of 160

A client with acute pancreatitis is admitted with severe, piercing abdominal pain and an elevated serum amylase. Which additional information is the client **most** likely to report to the nurse?

- ☒ A Abdominal pain decreases when lying supine.
- ☐ B Pain lasts an hour and leaves the abdomen tender.
- ☐ C Right upper quadrant pain refers to right scapula.
- ☐ D Drinks alcohol until intoxicated at least twice weekly.

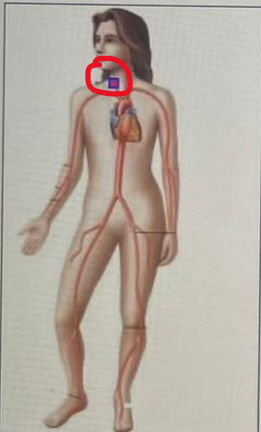
3 of 160

A child newly diagnosed with sickle cell anemia (SCA) is being discharged from the hospital. Which information is **most** important for the nurse to provide the parents prior to discharge?

- ☒ A Instructions about how much fluid the child should drink daily.
- ☐ B Signs of addiction to opioid pain medications.
- ☐ C Information about non-pharmaceutical pain relief measures.
- ☐ D Referral for social services for the child and family.

4 of 160

To auscultate for a carotid bruit, the nurse places the stethoscope at what location (Select the correct location on the image. To change, click on a new location.)



#4: I placed the Red dot on the base of the neck on the right side.

5 of 160

After receiving report on an inpatient acute care unit, which client should the nurse assess **first**?

- ☐ A The client with an obstruction of the large intestine who is experiencing abdominal distention.
- ☐ B The client who had surgery yesterday and is experiencing a paralytic ileus with absent bowel sounds.
- ☐ C The client with a small bowel obstruction who has a nasogastric tube that is draining greenish fluid.
- ☒ D The client with a bowel obstruction due to a volvulus who is experiencing abdominal rigidity.

6 of 160

A teenager presents to the emergency department with palpitations after vaping at a party. The client is anxious, fearful, and hyperventilating. The nurse anticipates the client developing which acid base imbalance?

- ☐ A Respiratory acidosis.
- ☐ B Metabolic alkalosis.
- ☐ C Metabolic acidosis.
- ☒ D Respiratory alkalosis.