

ATI Maternal Newborn Exam | Questions and 100% Correct Answers

A nurse is assessing a client who gave birth vaginally 12hrs ago and palpates her uterus to the right above the umbilicus. What interventions should the nurse perform?

- a. reassess the client in 2 hrs
- b. administer simethicone
- c. assist the client to empty her bladder**
- d. instruct the client to lie on her right side

A nurse is performing a routine assessment on a client who is 18 weeks gestation. What findings should the nurse expect?

- a. deep tendon reflexes 4+
- b. fundal height 14cm
- c. urine protein 2+
- d. FHR 152/min**

A nurse is teaching a new mother about steps the nurses will take to promote security and safety of the newborn. What statement should the nurse make?

- a. we will prevent unidentified visitors from entering the unit
- b. we will document the relationship of visitors in your medical record
- c. your baby will stay in the nursery while you are asleep
- d. staff members who take care of your baby will be wearing photo identification**

A nurse is assessing the newborn of a client who took a SSRI during pregnancy. What manifestations should the nurse identify as an indication of withdrawal from and SSRI?

- a. large for gestational age
- b. Hyperglycemia
- c. bradypnea
- d. vomiting**

A nurse in an antepartum clinic is providing care for a client who is 26 weeks gestation. Upon reviewing her medical record, what findings should the nurse report to the provider?

- a. 1-hr glucose tolerance test
- b. Hematocrit
- c. fundal height measurement**
- d. FHR

A nurse is caring for a client following an amniocentesis at 18 wks gestation. What finding should the nurse report to the provider as a potential complication?

- a. increased fetal movement
- b. leakage of fluid from the vag**

- c. upper abd discomfort
- d. urinary frequency

A nurse is caring for a client who is in active labor and has no cervical change in the last 4 hrs. Which statement should the nurse make?

- a. let me help you into a comfortable pushing position so you can begin bearing down
- b. going to call the doc to get a script for meds to ripen your cervix
- c. i will give you some IV pain med to strengthen your contractions
- d. your provider will insert an intrauterine pressure cath to monitor the strength of your contractions**

A nurse is caring for a client who is anemic at 32 wks gestation and is in preterm labor. The provider prescribed betamethasone 12 mg IM. What outcomes should the nurse expect?

- a. decrease uterine contractions
- b. increase in client's Hgb levels
- c. reduction in resp distress in NB**
- d. increase production of antibodies in NB

A nurse is teaching a client who is 10 wks gestation about nutrition during pregnancy. What statement by the client indicates an understanding of the teaching?

- a. increase my protein to 60 g/day
- b. i should drink 2 L of water/day
- c. increase my overall caloric intake by 300 calories
- d. take 600 mcg of folic acid each day**

A nurse is teaching a client who is in preterm labor about terbutaline. What statement by the client indicates an understanding of the teaching?

- a. i will get injections of the med once daily until my labor stops
- b. my blood sugar may be low while I am on this med
- c. i will have blood tests because my K+ might decrease**
- d. My BP may increase while I'm on this med

A nurse is creating a plan of care for a client who is postpartum and adheres to traditional Hispanic cultural beliefs. What cultural practices should the nurse include?

- a. protect the client's head and feet from cold air**
- b. bathe the client within 12 hr following delivery
- c. ambulate the client within 24 hr of delivery
- d. offer the client a glass of milk with her first meal

A nurse on a postpartum unit is caring for a client who is experiencing hypovolemic shock. After notifying the provider, what action should the nurse take next?

- a. massage the client's fundus**
- b. insert an indwelling urinary catheter
- c. administer O2 at 10L/min
- d. elevate the clients right hip