### ONS Chemotherapy Immunotherapy Certificate Exam (2023/ 2024 Update) Questions and Verified Answers|100% Correct- Grade A

**Q:** How is relative dose intensity (RDI) calculated?

#### **Answer:**

By comparing the dose that the patient ACTUALLY received to the planned dose of the standard regimen

**Q:** How do alkylating agents work?

#### **Answer:**

By causing a break in the DNA helix strand, interfering with DNA replication and causing cell death **Canter** 

**Q:** 3 subcategories of alkylating agents:

### **Answer:**

1. Nitrogen mustards

2. Platinum-based agents (do not possess an alkyl group but still termed alkylating agents as they work similarly)

3. Nitrosoureas

**Q:** Most common subcategory of alkylating agents:

Answer: Nitrogen mustards

**Q:** Common alkylating agents:

Answer: Cyclophosphamide (Cytoxan) Ifosfamide (Ifex) Bendamustine (Treanda)

**<u>Q</u>:** Common platinum-based agents:

Answer: Cisplatin (Platinol) Carboplatin (Paraplatin)

**Q:** What is unique about nitrosoureas agents?

Answer: Able to cross the blood-brain barrier; can be effective in treating some brain tumors

**Q:** Common nitrosoureas agents:

Answer: Carmustine (BiCNU) Lomustine (CeeNu) Streptozocin (Zanosar)

**<u>Q</u>:** Hypersensitivity can occur with late doses of:

Answer: Carboplatin

**Q:** These agents are typically categorized as highly emetogenic:

#### **Answer:**

1. Alkylating agents

2. Nitrosoureas

**<u>Q</u>:** Pre-administration labs for alkylating agents and nitrosoureas:

### Answer: BUN Creatinine

Creatinine CBC w/ diff

**Q:** What is the medication Mesna used for?

**Answer:** Bladder protectant with administration of cyclophosphamide or ifosfamide

**Q:** Instruct pts receiving \_\_\_\_\_\_ to avoid exposure to cold air and consuming cold fluids for 3-4 days following treatment

Answer: Oxaliplatin

**Q:** How do antimetabolites function?

Answer: By blocking DNA and RNA growth by interfering with enzymes needed for normal cell metabolism

**Q:** Antimetabolites work in the \_\_\_\_ phase.

<mark>Answer:</mark> S

**Q:** What types of cells are best affected by antimetabolites?

Answer: Cells with high division rates

**Q:** Common side effects of antimetabolites:

Answer: Myelosuppression GI toxicities Photosensitivity Hand-foot syndrome learnexams

**Q:** Common antimetabolite drugs:

Answer: Azacitidine Capecitabine 5-FU Cytarabine Decitabine Methotrexate

**<u>O</u>:** The institute for Safe Medication Practices recommends what route of administration for vincristine?