

TNCC 8th edition exam

The major cause of preventable death after injury Answer- Uncontrolled hemorrhage

The best measure of the adequacy of cellular perfusion and helps to predict the outcome of resuscitation Answer- Base deficit

Examples of primary blast injuries Answer- Blast lung, ruptured tympanic membrane, TBI, abdominal hemorrhage

Examples of secondary blast injuries Answer- Wounds from debris and bomb fragments

Examples of tertiary blast injuries Answer- Blunt or penetrating trauma from the body being thrown by the blast

Examples of quaternary blast injuries Answer- Injuries or illness related to explosion: burns, toxic injury from chemicals

Examples of quinary blast injuries Answer- Injuries associated with exposure to hazardous materials from the components of the blast

Questions to ask for airway assessment (need 4) Answer- Is the tongue obstructing?

Are there any foreign objects?

Is there any edema?

Are there loose or missing teeth?

Is there snoring, gurgling, or stridor?

Is there bony deformity?

Is there blood, vomit, or secretions?

Questions to ask during breathing assessment. (Need 4) Answer- Is there symmetrical chest rise?

Is there spontaneous breathing?

Is there tracheal deviation or JVD?

What is their skin color?

Are there open wounds or deformities in the chest?

What's the depth, pattern, and rate of respirations?

Is there increased work of breathing?

Are breath sounds present and equal?

3 ways to assess ETT placement Answer- 1. Apply end tidal, assess CO₂ after 5-6 breaths

2. Assess for symmetrical chest wall rise and fall

3. Auscultation over the epigastrium for gurgling and bilateral breath sounds.